

Queen's University
Belfast

Atomic Data for Fe-peak ions using RMATRIX II

Cathy Ramsbottom

Penny Scott

Patrick Norrington

Alan Hibbert

Phil & Val Burke

Cliff Noble

Claire Hudson & Narayan Deb

Clara Cassidy & Ian Wasson



Introduction



Introduction

One of the major outstanding problems
in atomic collision physics



Introduction

One of the major outstanding problems
in atomic collision physics



Introduction

One of the major outstanding problems
in atomic collision physics

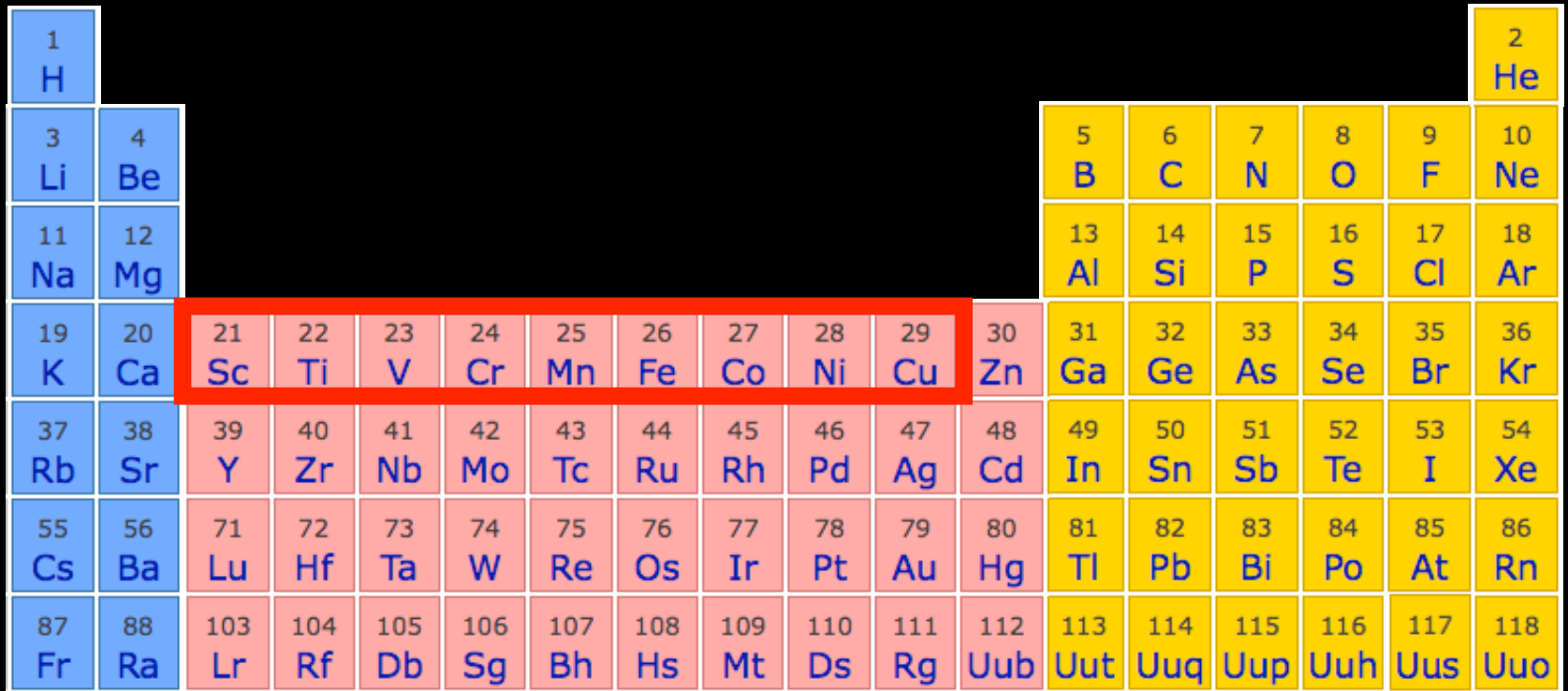
**The accurate treatment of
scattering from open d-
shell systems**

Open 3d-shell Systems

1 H																	2 He
3 Li	4 Be											5 B	6 C	7 N	8 O	9 F	10 Ne
11 Na	12 Mg											13 Al	14 Si	15 P	16 S	17 Cl	18 Ar
19 K	20 Ca	21 Sc	22 Ti	23 V	24 Cr	25 Mn	26 Fe	27 Co	28 Ni	29 Cu	30 Zn	31 Ga	32 Ge	33 As	34 Se	35 Br	36 Kr
37 Rb	38 Sr	39 Y	40 Zr	41 Nb	42 Mo	43 Tc	44 Ru	45 Rh	46 Pd	47 Ag	48 Cd	49 In	50 Sn	51 Sb	52 Te	53 I	54 Xe
55 Cs	56 Ba	71 Lu	72 Hf	73 Ta	74 W	75 Re	76 Os	77 Ir	78 Pt	79 Au	80 Hg	81 Tl	82 Pb	83 Bi	84 Po	85 At	86 Rn
87 Fr	88 Ra	103 Lr	104 Rf	105 Db	106 Sg	107 Bh	108 Hs	109 Mt	110 Ds	111 Rg	112 Uub	113 Uut	114 Uuq	115 Uup	116 Uuh	117 Uus	118 Uuo

Ions of the astrophysically important Fe-peak elements have an open 3d-shell

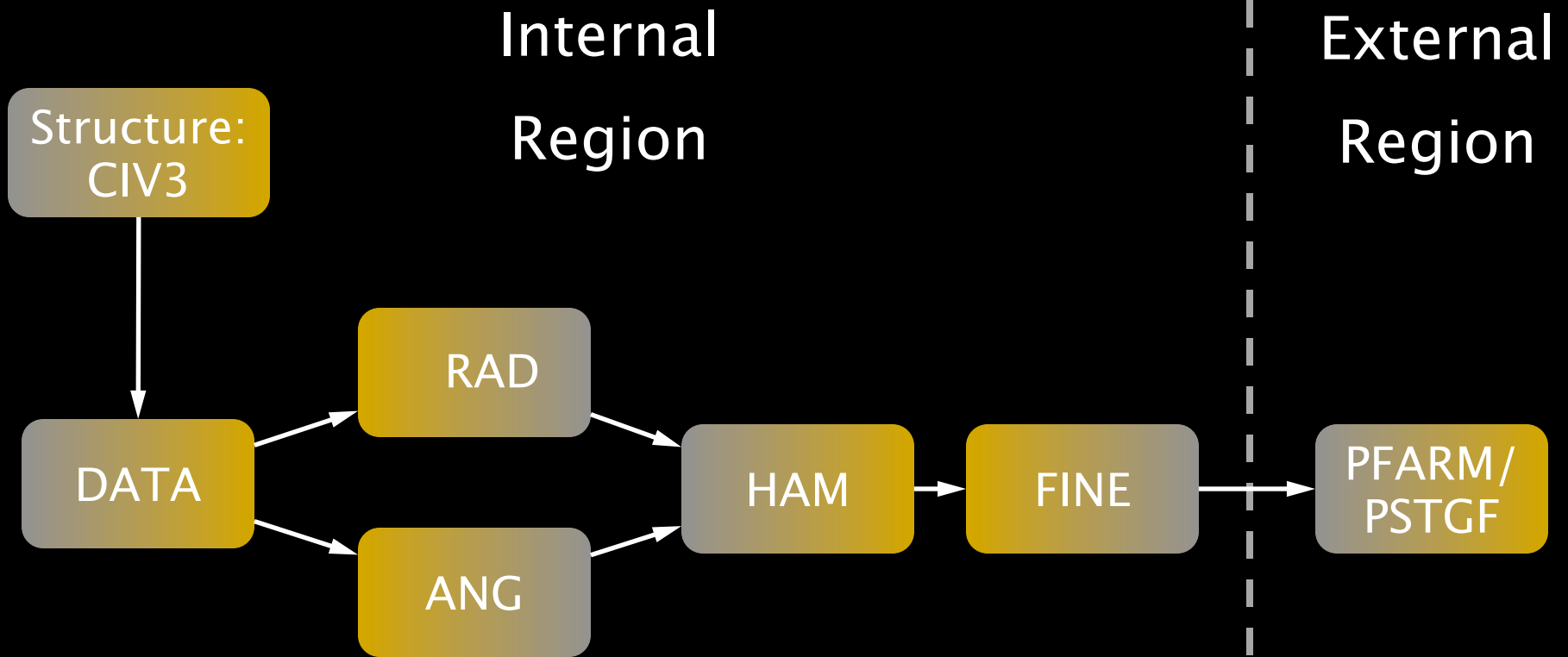
Open 3d-shell Systems



1 H																	2 He
3 Li	4 Be										5 B	6 C	7 N	8 O	9 F	10 Ne	
11 Na	12 Mg										13 Al	14 Si	15 P	16 S	17 Cl	18 Ar	
19 K	20 Ca	21 Sc	22 Ti	23 V	24 Cr	25 Mn	26 Fe	27 Co	28 Ni	29 Cu	30 Zn	31 Ga	32 Ge	33 As	34 Se	35 Br	36 Kr
37 Rb	38 Sr	39 Y	40 Zr	41 Nb	42 Mo	43 Tc	44 Ru	45 Rh	46 Pd	47 Ag	48 Cd	49 In	50 Sn	51 Sb	52 Te	53 I	54 Xe
55 Cs	56 Ba	71 Lu	72 Hf	73 Ta	74 W	75 Re	76 Os	77 Ir	78 Pt	79 Au	80 Hg	81 Tl	82 Pb	83 Bi	84 Po	85 At	86 Rn
87 Fr	88 Ra	103 Lr	104 Rf	105 Db	106 Sg	107 Bh	108 Hs	109 Mt	110 Ds	111 Rg	112 Uub	113 Uut	114 Uuq	115 Uup	116 Uuh	117 Uus	118 Uuo

Ions of the astrophysically important Fe-peak elements have an open 3d-shell

RMATRIX II Codes



Target Model – Fe II

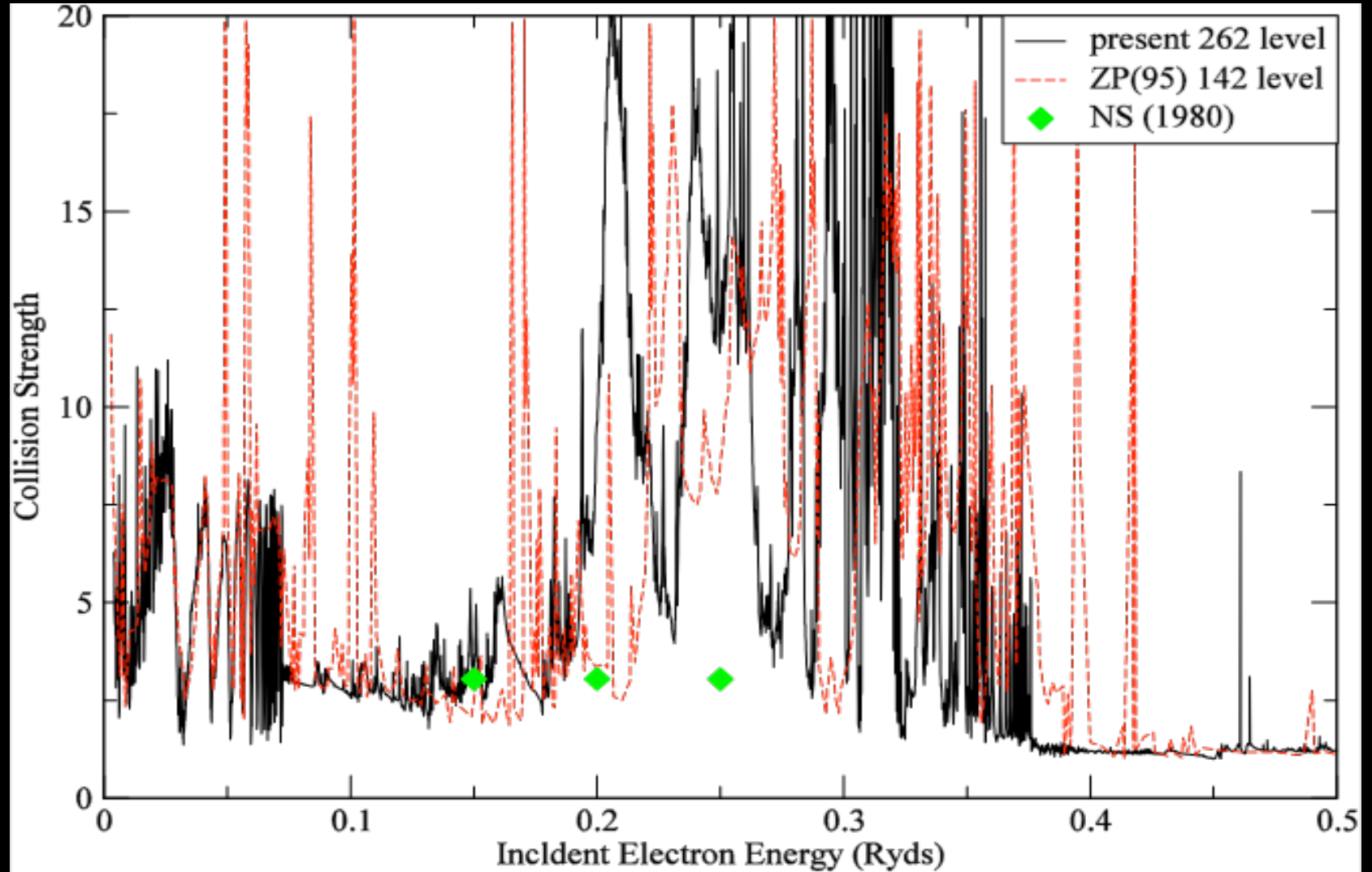
Fe II Target Configurations	No. of Target States (LS)	No. of Channels (LS)	No. of Target States (jj)	No. of Channels (jj)
$3d^64s$	24	73	63	420
$3d^7$	32	98	82	540
$3d^64p$	100	315	262	1800
$3d^54s^2$	116	366	299	2052
$3d^54s4p$	261	818	716	5076

Target Model - Fe II

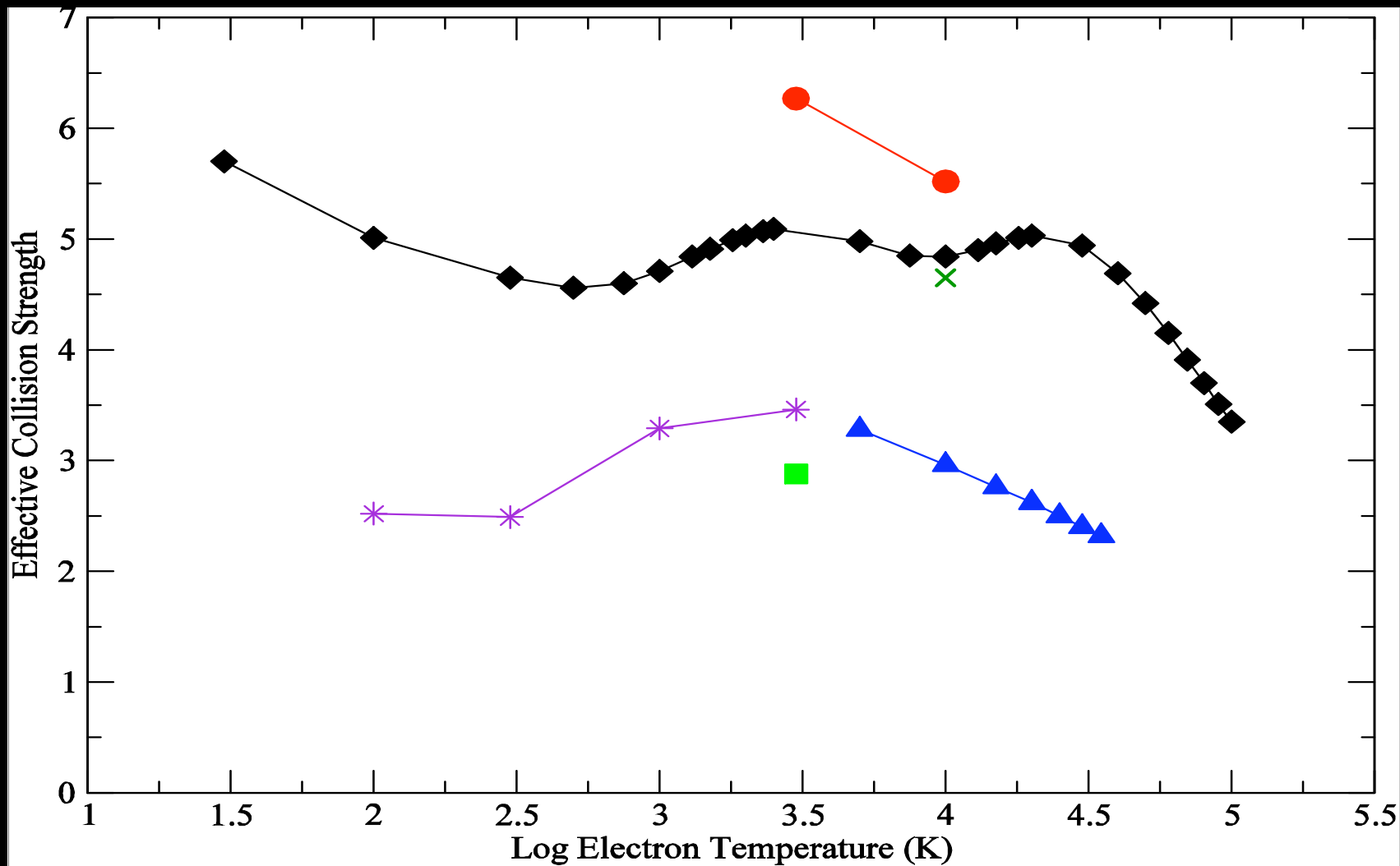
Fe II Target Configurations	No. of Target States (LS)	No. of Channels (LS)	No. of Target States (jj)	No. of Channels (jj)
$3d^64s$	24	73	63	420
$3d^7$	32	98	82	540
$3d^64p$	100	315	262	1800
$3d^54s^2$	116	366	299	2052
$3d^54s4p$	261	818	716	5076

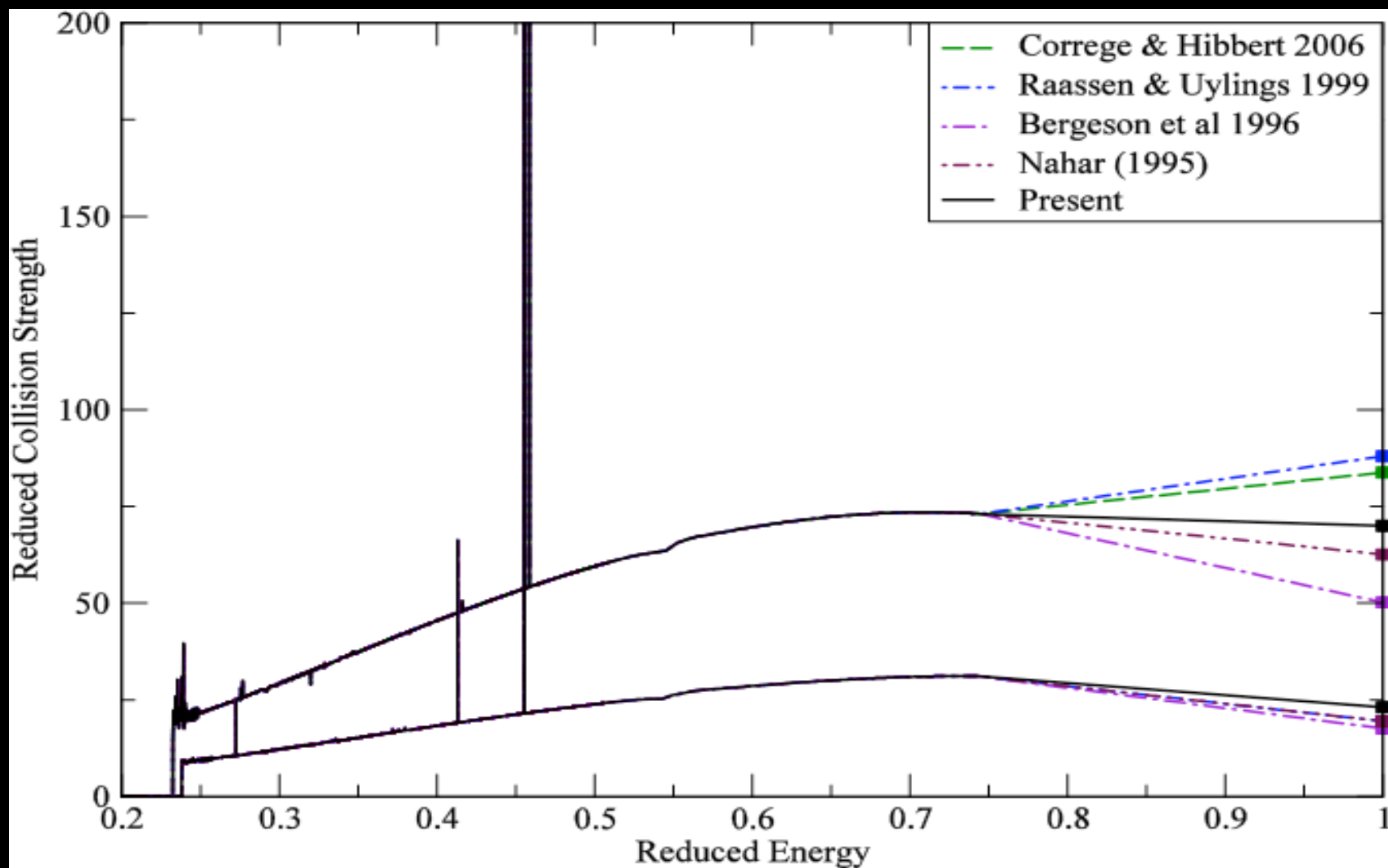


$3d^64s\ ^6D^e_{9/2} - 3d^64s$



ZP(95), Berr (88), Keenan(88), BP(96)





Target Model – Fe II

Fe II Target Configurations	No. of Target States (LS)	No. of Channels (LS)	No. of Target States (jj)	No. of Channels (jj)
$3d^64s$	24	73	63	420
$3d^7$	32	98	82	540
$3d^64p$	100	315	262	1800
$3d^54s^2$	116	366	299	2052
$3d^54s4p$	261	818	716	5076



No. $J\pi$ target states

Max no. Channels

Max size of $(N + 1)$ electron H matrix

Total no. transitions

262

1800

36,055

34,453

716

5076

> 100,000

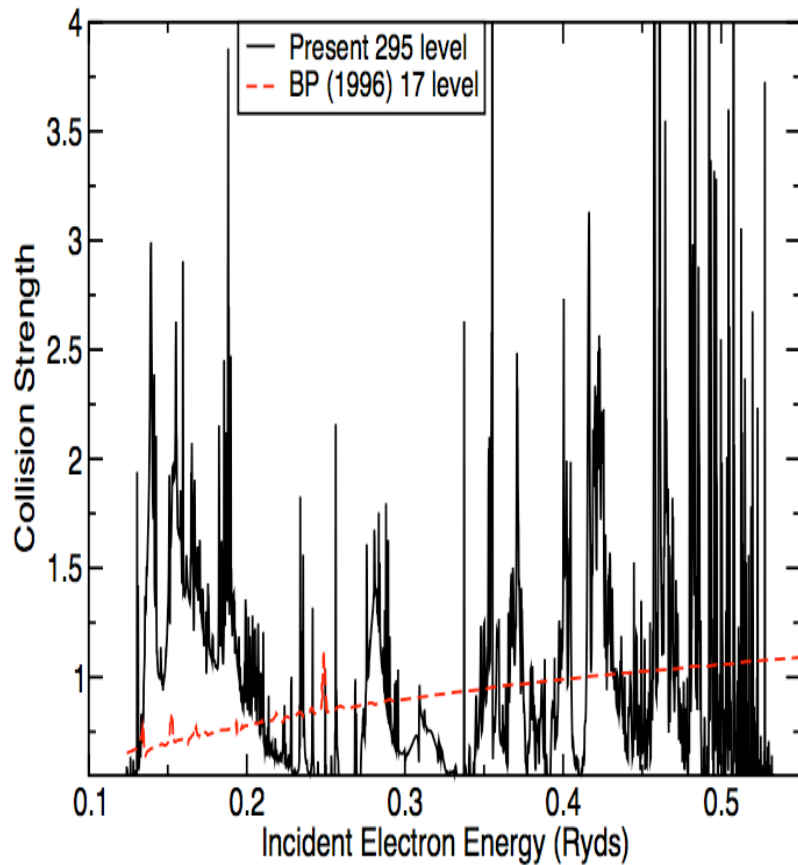
256,686

Target Model - Ni II

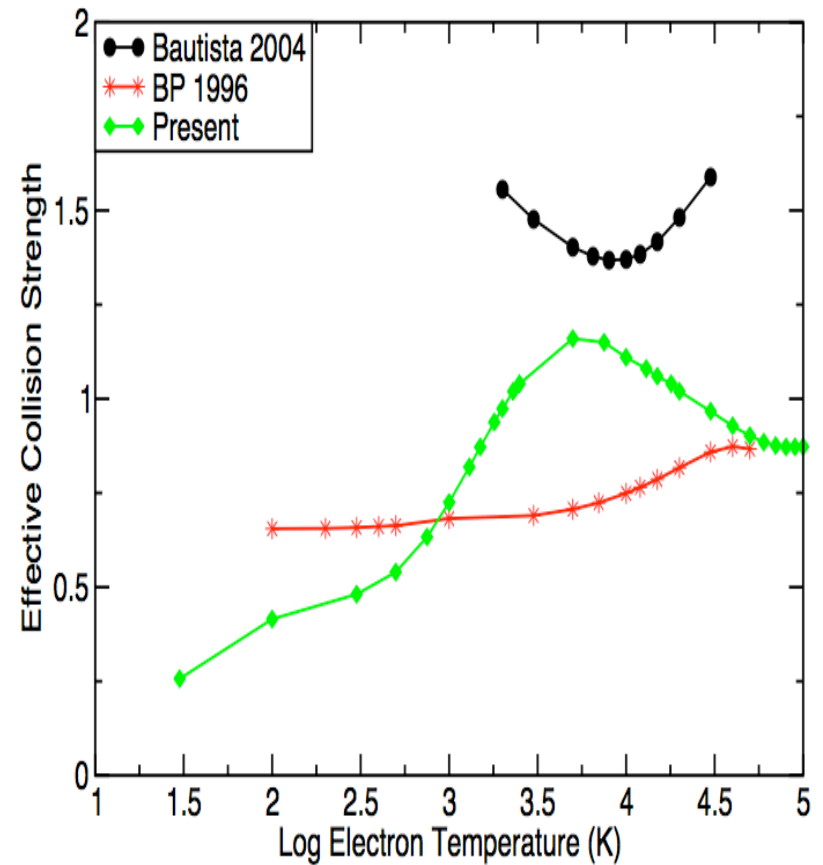
Ni II Target Configurations	No. of Target States (LS)	No. of Channels (LS)	No. of Target States (jj)	No. of Channels (jj)
$3d^9$	1	3	2	10
$3d^84s$	8	20	18	100
$3d^74s^2$	16	46	37	220
$3d^84p$	35	99	82	490
$3d^74s4p$	113	327	295	1930

Collisions with Ni II

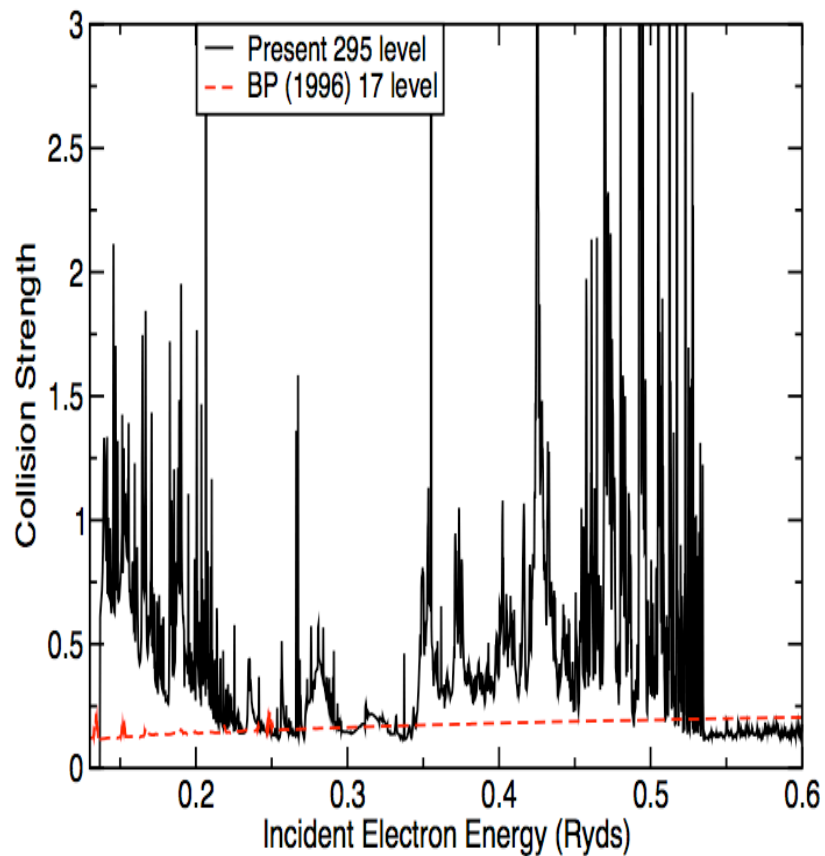
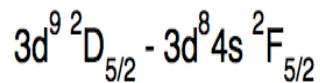
$$3d^9 2D_{5/2} - 3d^8 4s 2F_{7/2}$$



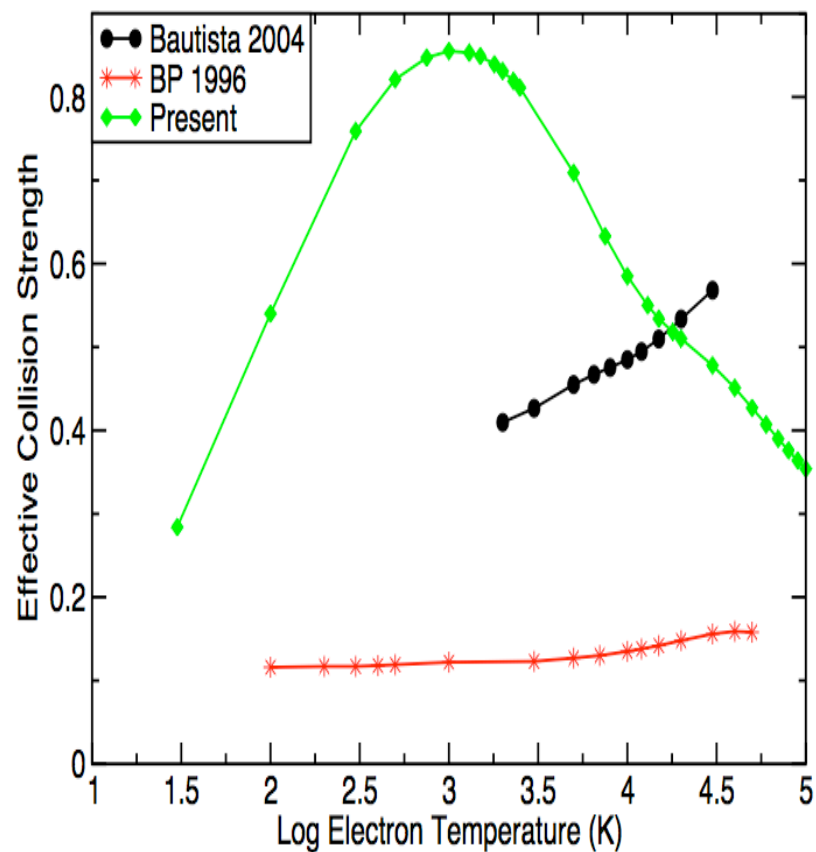
Total effective collision strength for the $3d^9 2D_{5/2} - 3d^8 4s 2F_{7/2}$ transition



Collisions with Ni II

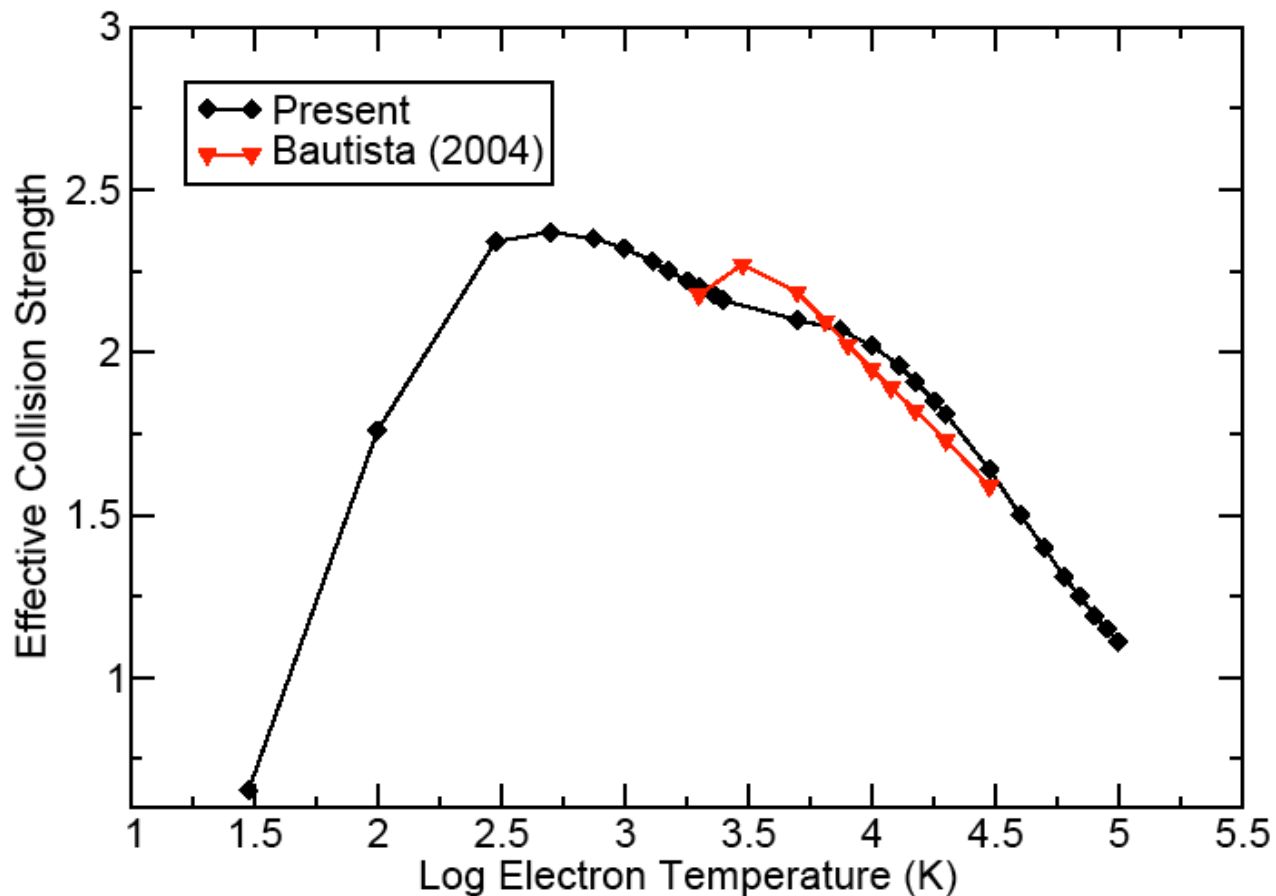


Total effective collision strength for the $3d^9 2D_{5/2} - 3d^8 4s^2 F_{5/2}$ transition



Effective Collision Strengths

Total effective collision strength for the $3d^9 2D_{5/2} - 3d^9 2D_{3/2}$ transition



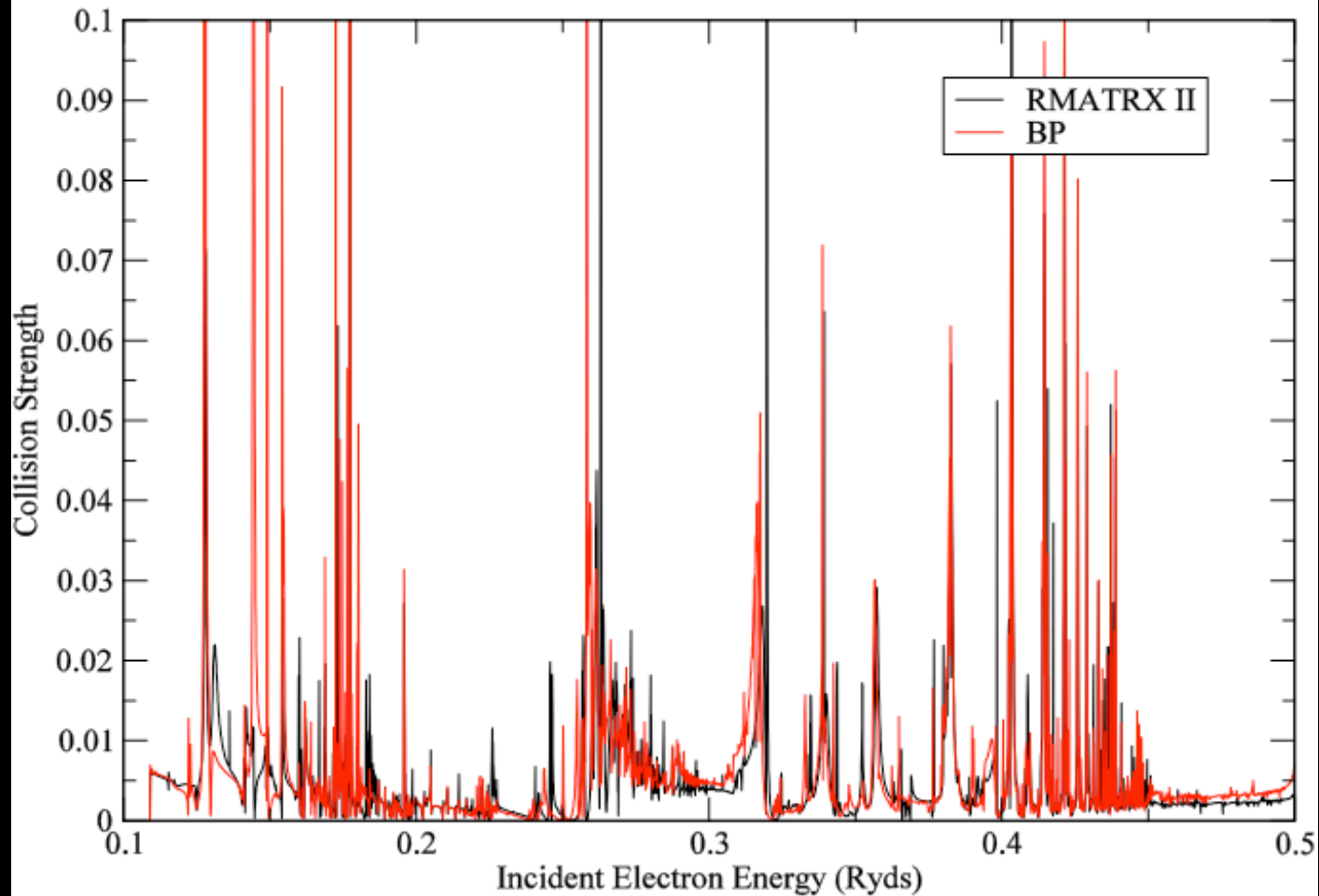
Target Model – Cr II

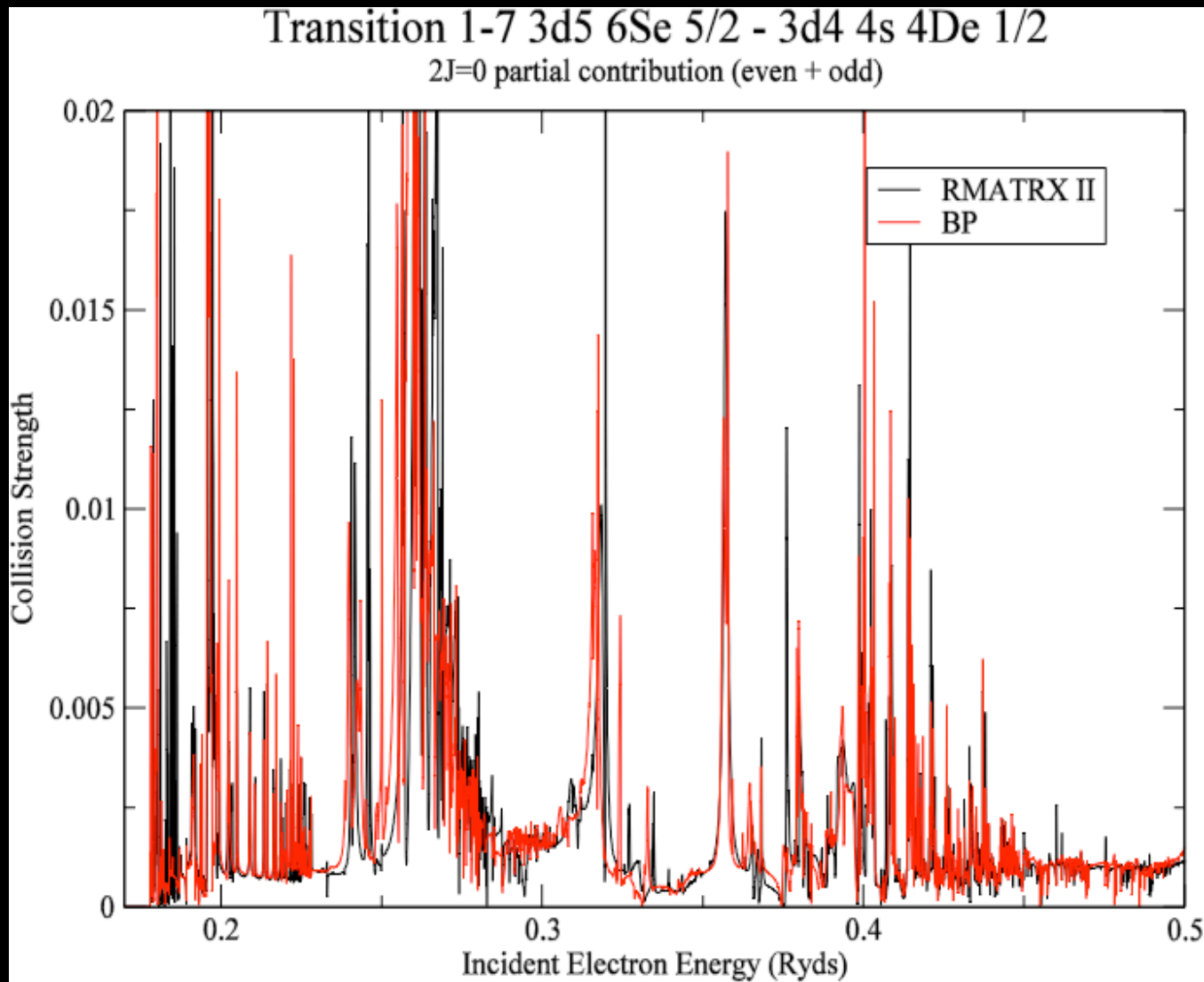
Ni II Target Configurations	No. of Target States (LS)	No. of Channels (LS)	No. of Target States (jj)	No. of Channels (jj)
$3d^5$	16	51	37	252
$3d^44s$	40	124	100	672
$3d^44p$	108	342	280	1932
$3d^34s^2$	116	366	299	2052
$3d^34s4p$	194	591	512	3492



Transition 1-2 3d5 6Se 5/2 - 3d4 4s 6De 1/2

2J=0 partial contribution (even + odd)







Looking to the future...

- We need to continue to push the boundaries on the scale of these calculations.
- Calculations completed for Fe II and Fe III.
- Calculations ongoing for Ni II, Ni V and Cr II with exciting results to follow!



Complete Sets of Data

- Electron–impact collision strengths and effective collision strengths.
- Radiative data – oscillator strengths and transition probabilities.
- Photoionization cross sections



Thank you!

<http://web.am.qub.ac.uk/apa/>

